

APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

FOR

Advertisement Delivery For Streaming Program

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Advertisement Delivery For Streaming Program

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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1. **Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to the field of data processing. More specifically, the present invention relates to the rendering of advertisements for streaming programs.

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2. **Background Information**

With advances in integrated circuit and microprocessor, processor based computing devices are increasingly more powerful in terms of their processing capabilities. Processing power that was once available only in the most expensive mainframe systems are now available in even many entry level hand held consumer devcies. As a result, increasinly, processing intensive rich multi-media contents are being made available and consumed on even the most basic ones of these processor based computing devices.

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Concurrently, advances in networking and communication technologies have resulted in increasing number of these processor based computing devices being networked together. Such devices are often first coupled with a local area network, such as an Ethernet-based office/home network. In turn, the local area networks are interconnected together through wide area networks. Of particular importance is the global inter-network, the Internet. As a result of this trend of increased connectivity, an increasing amount of these rich multi-media contents are made available, distributed, or broadcast online.

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Online broadcasting involves the continuous streaming of programmed content from broadcasting servers to networked client systems for consumption. Streamed programming, as its brethren of the earlier generation, i.e. broadcast programming over air waves or cable network, typically contains advertisements at periodic advertisement time slots. In fact, for many content broadcasters, such as radio or television programming, for efficiency reasons, the streamed programming is the exact mirror image of the programming broadcast over the air waves or cable network, thus containing the same advertisements at the corresponding advertisement time slots.

Accordingly, a number of problems or undesirable characteristics arise. First, by operation of law, or contractual obligations, it is at times inappropriate for the broadcasters to repeat rendering of the same advertisements in the streamed programming. However, re-processing or regeneration of the programming without or with different advertisements for streaming is a costly solution. Further, even if it is not inappropriate to re-broadcast the same advertisements in streamed programs, a number of these advertisements are not the most suitable advertisements, given the different delivery medium, as well as different consuming audience. Moreover, replacing the on-air advertisements with other advertisements targeted for the streaming medium presents the broadcasters with opportunities to collect additional revenues for the same advertisement time slots.

Thus, an advertisement delivery approach that can overcome, at least partially, these problems/undesirable characteristics, and/or being able to exploit the capabilities of the new delivery medium is desired.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The present invention will be described by way of exemplary embodiments,
5 but not limitations, illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which like references
denote similar elements, and in which:

Figure 1 illustrates an overview of the present invention, in accordance with
one embodiment;

Figure 2 illustrates the method of the present invention, in accordance with
10 one embodiment;

Figure 3 illustrates the operations associated with pre-caching
advertisements in further detail, in accordance with one embodiment; and

Figure 4 illustrates an internal component view of a digital system suitable for
use to practice the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention includes a novel advertisement delivery scheme for streaming programs. The scheme advantageously enables a content broadcaster to efficiently replace advertisements, if any, included in a streaming program, thereby enabling the broadcasters to be able to efficiently reuse the same programming designed for broadcast in the traditional medium, i.e. air waves or cable network. Moreover, the present invention, as will be readily apparent from the description to follow, advantageously enables the advertisements to be more tailored for the consumers of the streamed programming, as well as the advertisers to be able to more closely monitor the rendering and consumption of their advertisements, and in turn, to be more effective in gauging the effectiveness of advertisement campaigns.

In the description to follow, various aspects of the present invention will be described, and specific configurations will be set forth. However, the present invention may be practiced with only some or all aspects, and/or without some of these specific details. In other instances, well-known features are omitted or simplified in order not to obscure the present invention.

The description will be presented in terms of operations performed by a processor based device, using terms such as multi-media contents, requesting, downloading, rendering, and the like, consistent with the manner commonly employed by those skilled in the art to convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. As well understood by those skilled in the art, the quantities take the form of electrical, magnetic, or optical signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, and otherwise manipulated through mechanical, electrical and/or optical components of the processor based device.

Moreover, the term "processor" includes microprocessors, micro-controllers, digital signal processors, and the like, that are standalone, adjunct or embedded. Further, the term "processor based computing devices" (hereinafter, simply computing device) includes but is not limited to wireless mobile phones, palm sized personal digital assistants, notebook computers, desktop computers, set-top boxes, game consoles, servers, and so forth. The term "advertisement" includes commercial, public interest and filler messages of all form and all media types, and the term "advertisement time slots" includes programming breaks or interruptions of all time durations for the purpose of rendering "advertisements". The term "caching" refers to the act of storing data coupled with a pre-determined and/or configurable policy for displacing prior stored contents to make room for new contents, in the event the allocated storage for storing such contents have become fully utilized. The term "rendering" refers to the process of physically manifesting content for the consumption and/or enjoyment by a user, including but not necessarily limited to visual and/or audible manifestation.

Various operations will be described as multiple discrete steps in turn, in a manner that is most helpful in understanding the present invention, however, the order of description should not be construed as to imply that these operations are necessarily order dependent. In particular, these operations need not be performed in the order of presentation.

The description repeatedly uses the phrase "in one embodiment", which ordinarily does not refer to the same embodiment, although it may. The terms "comprising", "including", "having", and the like, as used in the present application, are synonymous.

Overview

Referring now to **Figure 1**, wherein a block diagram illustrating an overview of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment, is shown. As illustrated, for the embodiment, consumer client systems **102** of streaming content or programming, in addition to conventional streaming program player **104** are individually provided with advertisement module **106** incorporated with the teachings of the present invention. Further, client systems **102** are communicatively coupled with streaming program broadcaster **108** and advertisement publisher/server **110**.

Streaming program player **104** performs its conventional function of receiving and rendering streaming content or programs from streaming program broadcaster **108**. For the embodiment, it is assumed that in conjunction with the streaming content or program, broadcaster **108** also provides a companion stream of event notifications. Included among the event notifications, of particular interest, are event notifications associated with the occurrences of advertisement time slots, including the time length or duration of each of these advertisement time slots.

As will be described in more detail below, advertisement module **106** incorporated with the teachings of the present invention, advantageously renders an appropriate amount of pre-cached advertisements in each of these advertisement time slots, enabling any advertisements included with the streaming content or program to be replaced. Moreover, by tailoring the type of advertisements pre-cached from advertisement publisher/server **110**, the replacement advertisements may also be advantageously more targeted for the individual consumers of the various client systems **102**.

Further, as will be also described in more detail below, in one embodiment, pre-caching of the advertisements from advertisement publisher/server **110** are adaptively performed, even while the receipt of the streaming content or program are

in progress, to maintain availability of the substitute or replacement advertisements. The adaptive manner of downloading the advertisements substantially ensures that interference to the delivery of the streaming content or program is insignificant or inconsequential. As a result, a compelling advertisement replacement mechanism
5 may nevertheless be effectuated even under a very limited or small bandwidth network connection.

Streaming content or a streaming program may be any such single or multi-media content or program known in the art or developed in the future, including but are not limited to streaming radio and/or television programming over the internet, an
10 intranet, cable, radio waves or any telephony system. An example of streaming program player **104** is the Real One Player, available from Real Networks, Inc., of Seattle, WA.

Client system **102** represents a broad range of digital systems known in the art, including but are not limited to devices such as wireless mobile phones, palm
15 sized personal digital assistants, notebook computers, desktop computers, set-top boxes, and game consoles.

Streaming program broadcaster may be any one of a number of public and/or private streaming program broadcasters known in the art. An example of a public streaming program broadcaster is Real Networks, Inc. Another example of a program
20 broadcaster is a radio station like WSTRFM of Atlanta, GA. An example of a private streaming program broadcaster is a large enterprise streaming private contents or programs to a number of its geographically dispersed private audience.

Advertisement publisher/server **110** may be any one or more of these entities known in the art. An example of an advertisement publisher is DoubleClick of New
25 York, NY.

In a preferred embodiment, client systems **102**, streaming program broadcaster **108** and advertisement publisher/server **110** are coupled with each other over a public inter-network, specifically the Internet. Client systems **102**, streaming program broadcaster **108** and advertisement publisher/server **110** communicate with each in accordance with standard based messaging and communication protocols, such as the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) conducted in accordance with the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP). In alternate embodiments, the present invention may be practiced with part or all of the various participants being communicatively coupled with others using other equivalent communication connections and protocols.

Advertisement Method of the Present Invention

Figure 2 illustrates an overview of the advertisement method of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, advertisement module **104** first pre-schedules a number of substitute/replacement advertisements for playing, block **202**. The nature of the advertisements pre-scheduled, and the manner in which the advertisements are downloaded and scheduled, under presently preferred embodiments will be described more fully below, with references to **Fig. 3**. In various embodiments, to facilitate ease of retrieval for real time responsive rendering, upon being notified of an advertisement time slot or play window, the downloaded advertisements are stored in play queues on a play or time length basis. More specifically, in one embodiment, two play length based queues are employed, a 30 second advertisement queue and a 60 second advertisement queue. That is, for the embodiment, the downloaded advertisements are of either 30 seconds or 60 seconds in play length, and upon downloaded, they are queued for playing in the respective play queues.

The play queues may be implemented using any one of a number of data structures known in the art, in particular, those that are conveniently supported by the underlying operating system services of client systems **102**.

Thereafter, i.e. upon pre-queuing n numbers of advertisements in the
5 respective play queues, advertisement module **106** begins to listen for notifications of upcoming advertisement time slots in the streaming content or program being received and rendered on client system **102**. While waiting, advertisement module **106** continues its process of building up or replenishing its advertisement play queues until they are filled.

10 However, upon being notified of an upcoming advertisement time slot, including its time length, advertisement module **106** selects a combination of cached advertisements having a total playtime at least equal to the time length of the upcoming advertisement time slot, block **206**.

For the earlier described two queues embodiment, advertisement module **106**
15 simply selects the queued advertisements primarily by their play lengths. For example, if the slot time length is 0 to 30 seconds, a 30 second advertisement is selected; if the slot time length is 31 to 60 seconds, a 60 second advertisement is selected. If the slot time length is greater than 60 seconds, a 60 second advertisement is selected, and the process is repeated for the residual playing time.

20 A number of fail-safe techniques may be employed to ensure that adequate advertisements would be available. In one embodiment, while an advertisement is discarded from the play queues, they are nevertheless kept in the advertisement caches (until they are evicted by additional incoming advertisements while the cache is full). In another embodiment, advertisement module **106** maintains certain default
25 advertisements, e.g. its own advertisements, and play them in default, in the event

the advertisement cache or queues become empty (except for the special “fall back” advertisements).

Continuing to refer to **Fig. 2**, upon selecting the appropriate combination of advertisements, advertisement module **106** causes the advertisements to be rendered. In one embodiment, advertisement module **106** also causes the output of streaming program player **104** to be muted or blocked, thereby effectuating the desired substitution or replacement, block **208**. In one embodiment, if the total play length of the selected advertisement is longer than the advertisement time slot’s play length, advertisement module **106** simply terminates the advertisement rendering at the end of the advertisement time slot, thereby refrains from intruding into the streaming content or program.

As alluded to earlier, upon rendering the selected advertisements, for the embodiment, the advertisements (except for the default or fail-safe protection ones) are discarded from the play queues. In other words, for the embodiment, the responsibility for the “scheduling” and “frequency of play” of the advertisements is substantially that of the advertisement publisher/server **110**, by virtue of the advertisements it provides to client system **102**. However, in alternate embodiments, the present invention may be extended to have at least part of the “scheduling” and “frequency of play” responsibility being distributed to and placed on client systems **102**.

From block **208**, the process returns to block **202**, and continues from there as earlier described. The process continues cyclically until execution of advertisement module **106** is terminated, which may be caused for any reason, and in any one of a number of program termination techniques.

Pre-Caching Advertisements

Figure 3 illustrates the process of pre-caching advertisements in further details, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, for the embodiment, to facilitate the tailoring of the delivered advertisements to the consumers of client system **102**, advertisement module **103** generates and provides a profile of the user to advertisement publisher/server **110**, block **302**, allowing advertisement publisher/server **110** to provide the advertisements based at least in part on the information provided in the profile.

In one embodiment, the profile includes demographic as well as interest information about the user or consumer. Examples of demographic information are age, sex, education and so forth, whereas examples of interest information are rock and roll music, sky diving, sailing and so forth. In one embodiment, the profile also includes geographic information such as zip code.

In one embodiment, to the extent that any of these profile information are available from player **104**, advertisement module **106** obtains the information from player **104**. For the rest of the profile information, at an appropriate time, e.g. installation of advertisement module **106**, or thereafter periodically, until the user provides the information or instructs advertisement module **106** not to seek such information again, advertisement module **103** prompts the content/program consumer user of a client system **106** for the earlier mentioned demographic and interest information about the consumer. In one embodiment, the prompt also seeks the consent of the user in providing the information to advertisement publisher/server **110**.

In alternate embodiments, advertisement module **106** may also be equipped to include with the profile interest or other information automatically collected by advertisement module **106** itself. Such information may include e.g. the streaming

content or program consumed on client system **102** over a period. In fact, advertisement module **106** may be equipped to construct the profile strictly based on these automatically collected information, and skipping the earlier described operation of collecting inputs from the user.

5 Upon having gathered the profile information, advertisement module **106** generates a consumer profile based on the information provided/collected, and forwards the consumer profile to advertisement publisher/server **110**.

Continuing to refer to **Fig. 3**, upon furnishing advertisement publisher **110** with the user profile, for the embodiment, advertisement module **106** requests
10 advertisements from advertisement publisher **110**, block **304**. For the embodiment, it is assumed that advertisement publisher **110** instead of returning the selected advertisements directly, would advantageously return a list of locations from which the selected advertisements may be retrieved instead, thereby allowing advertisement module **106** to be able to advantageously control the download to
15 ensure non-consequential impact on the streaming program being received and rendered by player **104** of the client system **102**. As alluded to earlier, the present invention allows advertisement publisher **110** to provide the advertisements based at least in part on the provided profile of the consumer. Such selection may be effectuated in any one of a number of weighted or un-weighted techniques known in
20 the art. Therefore, upon selection, as alluded to earlier, the locations from which the advertisements may be retrieved are returned, and received by the requesting client system **102**, more specifically, advertisement module **106** of the client system **102**.

Then, as alluded to earlier, advertisement module **106** determines an appropriate download rate for downloading the advertisements, such that
25 downloading of the advertisements will not consequentially interfere, or at least not in a discernable manner, with the quality of the streaming program, block **308**.

In one embodiment, to further reduce the amount of download, advertisement module **106** maintains a cache of the downloaded advertisements. In the event advertisement module **106** is instructed to download and play an advertisement that is still being cached, advertisement module **106** retrieves the advertisement from its local cache instead.

In one embodiment, the download rate is determined based on the estimated available bandwidth of client system **106**. In one embodiment, the available bandwidth is operationally estimated by incrementally increasing the download rate (starting with an arbitrarily small download rate), and for each download rate, monitors the impact of the download on the streaming program.

In one embodiment, the impact is gauged using indicators such as the late arrival rate, loss and resend rate of the packets associated with the streaming content or program.

For the purpose of this application, late arrival rate means the rate the packets of the streaming content or programs arrive at the client system **102** out of order. For example, if packet 5 of the streaming program arrives before packet 4 of the streaming program, packet 4 of the streaming program is considered a late packet. If this occurs once out of every 10 packets, the late arrival rate is 10%.

Note that late arrival in and of itself does not necessarily has a manifested degradation in quality to the user, as packets generally arrive sufficiently in advance of the time they are needed. Nevertheless, late arrival could be a leading indicator to such observable degradation in quality of the streaming program.

Once determined, advertisement module **106** periodically requests advertisement server or servers **110** for the identified advertisements, block **310**.

Upon receipt, advertisement module **106** caches the received advertisements, block

312. In one embodiment, advertisement module **106** also queues the advertisements by their play lengths as earlier described.

As the bandwidth consumption of any streaming program is non-monotonic, and fluctuates over time, thus in the presently preferred embodiment, advertisement module **106** continues to monitor the impact of the advertisement download, and adjust the download rate as appropriate to continually ensure the impact of the advertisement download on the streaming program will be non-consequential.

In one embodiment, the bandwidth consumption is regulated employing a pair of operational parameters (bit rate, pulse rate). The two parameters represent a single packet payload, hence an estimate of the bit-pipe usage at a given instant. For example, a 30-second file sampled at 8 kbps is approximately 245,760 bits (or 30,720 bytes) long. To serve this file at 3 kbps, the server would take 80 (245,760 / 3,072) seconds. At this rate, to serve payloads of 96 bytes each, the server would have to have a pulse rate of 4. (30,720 / (80 x 96)). Thus, by controlling the 'bit-rate' and the 'pulse-rate', it is possible to control the fraction of the bit-pipe to be used.

Therefore, consumption of the bit-pipe may be reduced or "down shifted" by employing lower bit rate and pulse rate, or higher pulse rate at the same bit rate; and increased or "up shifted" by employing higher bit rate and pulse rate.

Thus, in one embodiment, the consumption of bit-pipe is controlled as follows:

1. Choose the initial download rate depending on what stream the user has chosen to play (high vs. low) and based on the user bandwidth setting in the player.

2. Downshift when either the advertisement is not successfully downloaded within the expected time or an error is received while buffering the ad. (The assumption is that the bit-pipe is too congested to allow this content to be downloaded at the current rate within the specified time).

3. Downshift when a certain number of audio-feed packets are lost (A conservative assumption is that the ad-buffering process occupies too much of the bandwidth leading to this packet loss).

5 4. Downshift when a certain number of audio-feed packets arrive later than expected (latency is higher than certain threshold usually about ~ 5%).

10 5. Downshift when a certain number of audio-feed packets were requested to resend by the player. If the player does not receive expected packet in time, it may request a packet resent from the server. The advertisement module monitors this activity and the downshift is performed when a certain threshold is reached (usually ~ 2%).

6. Up-shift when an advertisement is successfully cached within the expected time and with no audio-feed problems.

7. Up-shift if a pre-determined number of advertisement are successfully cached following a previous downshift.

15 For the embodiment, while a single reference number 110 is employed to refer to advertisement publisher and server, in practice, advertisement publisher and server may be the same or different entities. Typically, they are different entities; in fact, typically, multiple servers are employed.

20 Advertisement Play Tracking

Referring back to **Fig. 2**, in one embodiment, advertisement module 106 is also equipped to facilitate advertisement publisher 110 in tracking the playing of the provided advertisements, thereby allowing more accurate accounting for the playing and possibly better assessment on the effectiveness of advertisement campaigns, as
25 well as better compensation arrangement between the advertisement publisher and the advertisers. In one embodiment, at block 208, upon commencement of the

playing of an advertisement, advertisement module **106** sends a commencement message notifying advertisement publisher **110** of the commencement of play. In like manner, upon completion of the playing of the advertisement, advertisement module **106** sends an end-of-play message notifying advertisement publisher **110** play of the advertisement has ended, thereby allowing advertisement publisher **110** to more accurately track the total play time of each provided advertisement, on each consumer client system **102**.

The above referenced "commencement" and "end-of-play" messages may be implemented using any number of predetermined message formats, which are well within the ability of those skilled in the art to define, accordingly will not be further described. As alluded to earlier, in one embodiment, these messages are HTTP messages transmitted in accordance with the TCP/IP protocol.

Example Computer System

Figure 4 illustrates an example computer system suitable for use to practice the present invention in accordance with one embodiment. As shown, computer system **400** includes one or more processors **402** and system memory **404**. Additionally, computer system **400** includes mass storage devices **406** (such as diskette, hard drive, CDROM, RAM, DVD and so forth), general purpose input/output interface **408** (for interfacing input/output devices such as keyboard, cursor control and so forth) and communication interfaces **410** (such as network interface cards, modems and so forth). In accordance with the claimed invention, a storage medium may include a mass storage device, system memory or any device where information may be stored in electrical, optical and/or other encoded form. The elements **402-410** are coupled with each other via system bus **412**, which

represents one or more buses. In the case of multiple buses, they are bridged by one or more bus bridges (not shown).

Each of these elements **402 - 410** performs its conventional functions known in the art. In particular, communication interface **410** includes associated device drivers to facilitate communications in accordance with the communication protocol relied by streaming program player **104** and advertisement module **106**. Further, system memory **404** and mass storage **406** are employed to store a working copy and a permanent copy of the programming instructions implementing the earlier described digital content recovery module and the rendering modules incorporated with the teachings of the present invention. The permanent copy of the programming instructions may be loaded into mass storage **406** in the factory, or in the field, through a distribution medium (not shown) or through communication interface **410** (from a distribution server (not shown)).

The constitution of these elements **402-412** are known, and accordingly will not be further described.

Conclusion and Epilog

Thus, it can be seen from the above description, a method and apparatus for advertisement delivery for streaming program has been described. While the present invention has been described in terms of the above-illustrated embodiments, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention is not limited to the embodiments described. The present invention can be practiced with modification and alteration within the spirit and scope of the appended claims. Thus, the description is to be regarded as illustrative instead of restrictive on the present invention.